CRYPTOGRAPHY

**Prepared By**

**Sharafat Ibn Mollah Mosharraf**

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**TOUCH-*N*-PASS EXAM CRAM GUIDE SERIES**

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# Chapter 1

# Introduction

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| **1.1** | **What is replay attack? Give some examples of replay attack? [*2008. Marks: 1 + 1*]** |
| **1.2** | **List and describe categories of Security Services. [*2007. Marks: 5*]** |
| **1.3** | **Distinguish between active and passive security attacks and name possible active and passive security attacks. [*In-course 06-07. Marks: 3*]****ALSO, List the categories of active security attack and passive security attack and explain any one active and any one passive security attack. [*In-course 08-09. Marks: 2 + 3*]** |
| **1.4** | **Illustrate and briefly explain any one of the following: [*In-course 06-07. Marks: 2*]**1. **Model for network security**
2. **Network access security model**
 |
| **1.5** | **Illustrate and explain the functions of each component of network security mode. [*In-course 08-09. Marks: 2 + 3*]** |

# Chapter 2

# Classical Encryption Techniques

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| **2.1** | **Explain Symmetric-Key cryptography model with its ingredients/elements. [*2007. Marks: 4*]** |
| **2.2** | **Briefly explain cryptanalysis and brute-force attack. [*2007. Marks: 4*]** |
| **2.3** | **What are substitution cipher and transposition cipher? Give example. [*2007. Marks: 2*]****ALSO, List as many substitution ciphers and as many transposition ciphers as you can and briefly explain any one from each type. [*In-course 08-09. Marks: 1 + 4*]** |
| **2.4** | **Distinguish between stream cipher and block cipher and explain n-bit-n-bit block cipher. [*In-course 08-09. Marks: 2 + 3*]** |
| **2.5** | **List and briefly define the types of cryptanalytic attacks based on what is known to the attacker. [*In-course 08-09. Marks: 5*]** |

# Chapter 19

# Malicious Software

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| **19.1** | **Explain the principle of operation of a compression virus, and illustrate its operation by the execution of a virus affected program. [*2006. Marks: 2 + 3*]** |
| **19.2** | **How does a worm propagate? [*2007. Marks: 2*]** |
| **19.3** | **What is Logic Bomb? [*In-course 06-07. Marks: 1*]** |
| **19.4** | **What are the typical phases of operations of a virus? [*In-course 06-07. Marks: 2*]** |
| **19.5** | **How does Behavior Blocking Software work? [*In-course 06-07. Marks: 1*]** |
| **19.6** | **What is DDoS? Differentiate between Direct DDoS attack and Reflector DDoS attack. [*2007. Marks: 1 + 2*]** |
| **19.7** | **What is Digital Immune System? Clearly describe the typical steps of Digital Immune System operation. [*2007. Marks: 1 + 4*]** |
| **19.8** | **What is the difference between rule-based intrusion detection and statistical anomaly detection? [*2008. Marks: 2*]** |

# Chapter 30 (Forouzan), Chapters 3, 5 (Stallings)

# Cryptography, AES, DES

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| **30.1** | **Explain the steps for generating keys for RSA algorithm, and generate any key-pair using the primes 3 and 11. [*2006. Marks: 2 + 2*]** |
| **30.2** | **What is the basic purpose of Diffie-Hellman algorithm? Using this algorithm, how can Eve fool two communicating partners Alice and Bob by creating two keys: one between Alice and herself, and another between herself and Bob? [*2006. Marks: 1 + 5*]** |
| **30.3** | **Compare / Distinguish between DES and AES. [*2006. Marks: 2*]** |
| **30.4** | **Explain generation technique of round keys for AES. [*In-course 08-09. Marks: 3*]** |
| **30.5** | **Illustrate the general structure of the 10-round AES and draw a flowchart showing the operations of each round. [*In-course 06-07. Marks: 2*]****ALSO, Clearly state the operations of any round. [*In-course 05-06. Marks: 3*]****ALSO, Name different stages in a common round of AES and clearly explain the operation of any one round. [*In-course 08-09. Marks: 1 + 4*]****ALSO, Explain the encryption process of AES for any one key-size and list the operations of its common round. [*2006. Marks: 4*]** |
| **30.6** | **Distinguish between Cipher Feedback Mode and Output Feedback Mode. [*In-course 06-07. Marks: 3*]****ALSO, Clearly explain any one of them. [*In-course 05-06. Marks: 3*]** |
| **30.7** | **Illustrate one round of DES encryption and (using a flowchart) explain DES function. [*In-course 06-07, 05-06. Marks: 2 + 3*]****ALSO, Illustrate the internal blocks of operations of one round of DES and explain the internal operations of DES function. [*In-course 08-09. Marks: 2 + 3*]** |
| **30.8** | **What is the major advantage of public key cryptography over symmetric key cryptography? [*2008. Marks: 1*]** |

# Chapter 31 (Forouzan)

# Network Security

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| **31.1** | **What do you understand by message non-repudiation? Explain the role of a trusted center for message non-repudiation. [*2006. Marks: 1 + 3*]** |
| **31.2** | **Illustrate the process of creation and verification of message authentication code. [*2006. Marks: 2*]** |
| **31.3** | **What is digital signature? Explain the uses of hash functions for generating and verifying digital signature. [*2006. Marks: 1 + 4*]** |
| **31.4** | **Discuss the relationship between digital signature, digital certificate authority and public key infrastructure. [*2006. Marks: 5*]** |
| **31.5** | **Can you use a secret (symmetric) key to both sign and verify a digital signature? Justify your answer. [*2007. Marks: 3*]** |
| **31.6** | **In Kerberos Protocol, what are the steps that Alice (user requesting service) should follow to communicate/receive services from three different servers: Bob, Eve and Trudy? [*2007. Marks: 5*]** |
| **31.7** | **What purpose does the authenticator in a Kerberos message serve? Detail one flaw Merritt and Bellovin identified in its design. [*2008. Marks: 1 + 2*]** |
| **31.8** | **How does digital signature provide message non-repudiation? [*2008, 2007. Marks: 3*]** |
| **31.9** | **What is digital signature? State the requirements for digital signature. [*2008, 2007. Marks: 5*]** |
| **31.10** | **What are the threats with direct digital signature scheme? [*2008. Marks: 1*]** |
| **31.11** | **Clearly describe the steps for generating any one RSA key-pair using the prime numbers 5 and 11. [*In-course 06-07. Marks: 3*]** |
| **31.12** | **Suppose Bob chooses two prime numbers 7 and 11. How can he determine the RSA keys? Show the procedure and determine a key pair. [*In-course 05-06. Marks: 3 + 2*]** |
| **31.13** | **Distinguish between message authentication code and message digest. [*In-course 06-07. Marks: 2*]** |
| **31.14** | **Explain how a digital signature provides message integrity and message authentication services. [*In-course 08-09, 06-07. Marks: 3*]** |
| **31.15** | **How can a session key be created between Alice and Bob using any method? [*In-course 06-07. Marks: 2*]** |
| **31.16** | **Explain the uses of different Kerberos servers. [*In-course 06-07. Marks: 3*]****ALSO, Using an illustration, explain the purpose of authentication server and ticket granting server of Kerberos version 4. [*In-course 08-09. Marks: 3*]** |
| **31.17** | **Distinguish between message authentication and entity authentication. Explain entity authentication using symmetric key cipher or asymmetric key cipher. [*In-course 05-06. Marks: 2 + 3*]** |
| **31.18** | **What do you understand by a trusted center? [*In-course 05-06. Marks: 1*]** |
| **31.19** | **Distinguish between modification detection code and message authentication code. [*In-course 08-09. Marks: 2*]** |
| **31.20** | **Using an illustration explain the principle of operation of SHA-1 or any other hash algorithm. [*In-course 08-09. Marks: 3*]****ALSO, How does SHA-1 create message digest? [*2007. Marks: 3*]** |
| **31.21** | **What do you understand by challenge-response method of entity authentication? Using an illustration, explain any one such method for entity authentication. [*In-course 08-09. Marks: 1 + 2*]** |
| **31.22** | **What is the purpose of a digital certificate? List at least five fields of a digital certificate using X.509 standard. [*In-course 08-09. Marks: 2*]** |
| **31.23** | **List possible attacks on fixed passwords and explain salting a password. [*2006. Marks: 1 + 3*]****ALSO, Explain dictionary attack on fixed passwords. [*In-course 08-09. Marks: 2*]****ALSO, How can a system prevent a guessing attack on a fixed password? [*2007. Marks: 1*]****ALSO, How does salted password make dictionary attack more difficult? [*2007, In-course 08-09. Marks: 2*]** |
| **31.24** | **What is Hash function? Mention the requirements for hash function. [*2008. Marks: 5*]** |
| **31.25** | **Briefly explain MD5 hash algorithm. [*2008. Marks: 5*]** |
| **31.26** | **In what order should the signature function and the confidentiality function be applied to a message and why? [*2008. Marks: 2*]** |

# Chapter 32 (Forouzan)

# Security in the Internet

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| **32.1** | **How does ESP of IPSec provide source authentication, data integrity and privacy services for communication between two users? [*2006. Marks: 6*]** |
| **32.2** | **How does IPSec provide source authentication and data integrity for communication between two users? [*2007. Marks: 5*]** |
| **32.3** | **What is a virtual private network? How can IPSec in the tunnel mode provide authentication, integrity and privacy services for a virtual private network? [*2006. Marks: 1 + 3*]** |
| **32.4** | **What are the techniques to achieve secure email transactions along with sender’s identity? [*2006. Marks: 5*]** |
| **32.5** | **Differentiate between Transport mode and Tunnel mode of IPSec Protocol. [*2007. Marks: 2*]** |
| **32.6** | **Differentiate between Authentication Header Protocol and Encapsulating Security Payload Protocol in IPSec. [*In-course 06-07. Marks: 3*]****ALSO, Differentiate between authentication data of AH and ESP of IPSec. [*In-course 08-09. Marks: 2*]** |
| **32.7** | **What is the purpose of firewall? Differentiate between packet filter and proxy firewall. [*2007. Marks: 1 + 3*]** |
| **32.8** | **What is R64 conversion? Why is R64 conversion useful for an email application? [*2008. Marks: 1 + 1*]** |
| **32.9** | **How does PGP use the concept of trust? [*2008. Marks: 2*]** |
| **32.10** | **What services are provided by SSL record protocol? [*2008. Marks: 2*]** |
| **32.11** | **State any four services of SSL. [*In-course 06-07. Marks: 2*]** |
| **32.12** | **What is dual signature and what is its purpose? [*2008. Marks: 1 + 1*]** |
| **32.13** | **What is the purpose of Proxy Firewall? [*In-course 06-07. Marks: 1*]** |
| **32.14** | **What is VPN? Why is it needed? [*In-course 06-07. Marks: 1 + 1*]** |
| **32.15** | **What is the purpose of Handshake protocol in SSL? [*In-course 06-07. Marks: 1*]** |
| **32.16** | **How does SSL create Cryptographic Secret? [*In-course 06-07. Marks: 2*]** |
| **32.17** | **Explain the operation of any one of the following: [*In-course 08-09. Marks: 3*]**1. **Authentication Header Protocol of IPSec in transport mode.**
2. **Encapsulating Security Protocol of IPSec in transport mode.**
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| **32.18** | **Point out the security services required when a customer shops online using WWW. [*In-course 08-09. Marks: 2*]** |
| **32.19** | **Explain any one of the following: [*In-course 08-09. Marks: 3*]**1. **Security association of IPSec**
2. **Security parameters of SSL**
 |
| **32.20** | **Using an appropriate illustration, explain how authentication and confidentiality services are provided by PGP for secure email. [*In-course 08-09. Marks: 5*]** |
| **32.21** | **What is Hybrid Network? Why is it needed? [*2007. Marks: 1 + 1*]** |
| **32.22** | **Why should you include a message authentication code (MAC) with a message? What is the difference between a MAC and an HMAC? [*2008. Marks: 1 + 1*]** |
| **32.23** | **Explain Hand-Shake protocol for web security approaches. [*2008. Marks: 4*]** |